EXHIBIT 1 part 3 of 5

C22918

Distribution: White-C. File Canary-BPT Fink-Prisoner

BAILER, Fred

EXHIBIT D

Michael Herro, Attorney at Law SBN: 233749 Law Office of Michael Herro 134 Central Ave. Salinas, California 93901 Phone and fax (831) 752-0992 Attorney for Petitioner 5 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA б COUNTY OF MONTEREY 7 8 9 10 In re HC 04990 .11 12 FRED BAKER. DECLARATION OF FREDDY FIKES (B-65105) IN SUPPORT OF THE 13 On Habeas Corpus. AMENDED OR SUPPLEMENTAL PETITION 14 15 I, FREDDY FIKES, declare as follows: 16 I am a residence of the State of California, County of 17 I am age 18 and older and not a party to this matter. 18 I am familiar with the Board of Parole Hearings' actions 19 regarding the seventh subsequent parole consideration hearing on 20 September 24, 2004, for inmate Fred Baker, in which it was noted that 21 due to an apparent malfunction of the recording equipment, the 22 decision portion of the hearing could not be transcribed. 23 I am also familiar with the decision review process. 3. 24 When as in Baker's case, a significant portion of my July 25 1, 1992 hearing was unable to be transcribed, a new hearing was not In lieu of a rehearing, the Decision Review Unit recommended 27 that the hearing panel's decision and reasoning for the decision

be "taken entirely from the [BPT-1000(a)] decision worksheet." See (Appendix B(2)).

5. On October 14, 1992, the Decision Review Committee adopted the Decision Review Unit's recommendation in full (Appendix B(3)), and shortly thereafter, David E. Brown (then, Chief Counsel) ordered the recommendation to be adopted. Consequently, my two year denial was upheld without any further proceedings. (Appendix B(4)).

I declare under penalty and perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on <u>June</u>

9, 2006, at Soledad, California.

FREDDY FIKES
Declarant

APPENDIX B (2)

Page 7 of 81 Case 4:07-cv-06289-GW Document 20-4 Filed 07/14/2008 BOARD OF PRISON TERMS REVIEW OF PROPOSED DECISION JF CALIFORNIA REFER TO DECISION REVIEW COMMITTEE REFER TO RECONSIDERATION PANEL INMATE Freddy Fikes CDC NUMBER B 65105 TYPE OF HEARING Subsequent Parole Consideration Hearing DATE OF HEARING 7/1/92 The Decision Review Unit (LMS) has completed a review of the above hearing and has identified the following issues The transcript of the hearing in this matter is incomplete. Apparently, the last portion of the hearing was not recorded, probably because of a problem with the tape recorder. Fortunately, the decision worksheet containing the decision and reasoning for the decision was retained. Therefore, DRU is recommending that the decision printed below, taken entirely from the decision worksheet (BPT 1000(a)) be adopted by the decision review committee. RECOMMENDATION: Do an Errata Sheet containing the following from the Life Prisoner Parole Consideration Worksheet: The panel reviewed all information received from the public and relied on the following circumstances in concluding that the prisoner is not suitable for parole and would pose an unreasonable risk of danger to society and a threat to public safety if released from prison: The offense was carried out in a manner which exhibits a callous disregard for the life and/or suffering of another. 2. The offense was carried out in a dispassionate and/or calculated manner. 3. Multiple victims were attacked and injured in the same or separate incidents. 4. The victim was abused during the offense. 5. The kidnap and rape of the victim did not deter the prisoner from later committing another kidnap and physically harming another female victim. The prisoner has prior criminality which includes an arrest for burglary and auto theft. The charges were dismissed. 7. The prisoner has programmed in a limited manner while incarcerated, failed to upgrade educationally and vocationally as previously recommended by the Board, and not participated to any extent in beneficial self-help and/or therapy programs. 8. The March 30, 1992, psychological report by Dr. Reed is unfavorable. The panel makes the following findings: 1. The prisoner needs therapy in order to face, discuss, understand, and cope with stress in a non-destructive manner. Until progress is made, the prisoner continues to be unpredictable and a threat to others. 2. Therapy in a controlled setting is needed but motivation and amenability are questionable.

3. Nevertheless, the prisoner should be commended for excellent work reports and being disciplinary free since 1989.

The prisoner is denied parole for two years. The panel finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would be granted at a hearing during the following two years. The specific reasons for this finding are as follows:

1. The prisoner committed the offense in an especially heinous, atrocious and cruel manner. Specifically, he participated in the kidnap and rape of one female victim and one month later the forced oral copulation of another. As a result, a longer period of observation and/or evaluation is required before the Board should set a parole date.

Page Two Fikes, Freddy (B 65105)

> 2. A recent psychological report dated March 30, 1992, authored by Dr. Reed indicates a need for a longer period of observation and evaluation or treatment.

3. The prisoner has not completed necessary programming which is essential to his adjustment and he needs additional time to gain such programming.

The panel recommends that the prisoner:

1. Remain disciplinary free.

2. Upgrade vocationally and educationally.

3. Participate in self-help and therapy programming.

The panel requests that The Department of Corrections:

- 1. Transfer the prisoner to an appropriate facility for the purpose of Category programming.
- 2. Enter the prisoner in a Category "T" program to explore:
 - a. His violence in the free community and evaluate his psycho-sexual problems,
 - b. The extent to which the prisoner has explored the commitment offense and come to terms with the underlying causes, and the need for further therapy programs while incarcerated.

and check the box on the title page of the transcript indicating that an errata sheet has been prepared.

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APPENDIX B (3)

BOARD OF PRISON TERMS Document 20-4 Filed 07/14/2008. Page 10 of 81 TE OF CALIFORNIA DECISION REVIEW COMMITTEE REVIEW OF PROPOSED DECISION INMATE Freddy Fikes CDC Number B 65105 TYPE OF HEARING Subsequent Life Parole Consideration Hearing DATE OF HEARING 7/1/92 CHOOSE ONE: Schedule new hearing Modify decision : MODIFICATION ORDERED: A. Do the following: Do an Errata Sheet containing the following from the Life Prisoner Parole Consideration Worksheet: DECISION The panel reviewed all information received from the public and relied on the following circumstances in concluding that the prisoner is not suitable for parole and would pose an unreasonable risk of danger to society and a threat to public safety if released from prison: 1. The offense was carried out in a manner which exhibits a callous disregard for the life and/or suffering of another. 2. The offense was carried out in a dispassionate and/or calculated manner. 3. Multiple victims were attacked and injured in the same or separate incidents. 4. The victim was abused during the offense. 5. The kidnap and rape of the victim did not deter the prisoner from later committing another kidnap and physically harming another female victim. 6. The prisoner has prior criminality which includes an arrest for burglary and auto theft. The charges were dismissed. 7. The prisoner has programmed in a limited manner while incarcerated, failed to upgrade educationally and vocationally as previously recommended by the Board, and not participated to any extent in beneficial self-help and/or therapy programs.... 8. The March 30, 1992, psychological report by Dr. Reed is unfavorable. The panel makes the following findings: 1. The prisoner needs therapy in order to face, discuss, understand, and cope with stress in a non-destructive manner. Until progress is made, the prisoner continues to be unpredictable and a threat to others. 2. Therapy in a controlled setting is needed but motivation and amenability are questionable. 3. Nevertheless, the prisoner should be commended for excellent work reports and being disciplinary free since 1989.

The prisoner is denied parole for two years. The panel finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would be granted at a hearing during the following two years. The specific reasons for this finding are as follows:

- 1. The prisoner committed the offense in an especially beinous, atrocious and cruel manner. Specifically, he participated in the kidnap and rape of one female victim and one month later the forced oral copulation of another. As a result, a longer period of observation and/or evaluation is required before the Board should set a parole date.
- A recent psychological report dated March 30, 1992, authored by Dr. Reed indicates a need for a longer period of observation and evaluation or treatment.
- 3. The prisoner has not completed necessary programming which is essential to his adjustment and he needs additional time to gain such programming.

Case 4:07-cv-06289-GW Document 20-4 Filed 07/14/2008 Page Two Fikes, Freddy (B 65105) The panel recommends that the prisoner: 1. Remain disciplinary free. 2. Upgrade vocationally and educationally. 3. Participate in self-help and therapy programming. The panel requests that The Department of Corrections: 1. Transfer the prisoner to an appropriate facility for the purpose of Category "T" programming. 2. Enter the prisoner in a Category "T" program to explore: a. His violence in the free community and evaluate his psycho-sexual problems, b. The extent to which the prisoner has explored the commitment offense and come to terms with the underlying causes, and the need for further therapy programs while incarcerated. and check the box on the title page of the transcript indicating that an errata sheet has been prepared. OR · B. Take the following action: (please specify) SUPPORTIVE REASONING FOR DECISION: This follows the intent of the hearing panel. DISSENT DATE CONCUR DISSENT COMMISSIONER/D.C. SIGNATURE DATE CONCUR DISSENT dissent from the majority for the following reasons:

DATE.

BPT 1139 (4/87)

SIGNATURE

Page 2

APPENDIX B (4)

Board of Prison Terms Errata Sheet 10/19/92

Prisoner: Freddy Fikes, B-65105

Type of Hearing: 10th Subsequent Parole Consideration

Date of Hearing: July 1, 1992

Place of Hearing: California State Prison, Corcoran

Hearing Panel: Ron Koenig and Joseph Aceto, Commissioners

Cheryl Pliler, Deputy Commissioner

Decision Review Committee Panel Ordering Correction: Maureen O'Connell, James Nielsen, and Manuel Guaderrama

Correction Ordered:

[The transcript of the hearing in this matter is incomplete. Apparently, the last portion of the hearing was not recorded, probably because of a problem with the tape recorder. Fortunately, the decision worksheet containing the decision and reasoning for the decision was retained.]

DECISION

The panel reviewed all information received from the public and relied on the following circumstances in concluding that the prisoner is not suitable for parole and would pose an unreasonable risk of danger to society and a threat to public safety if released from prison:

- 1. The offense was carried out in a manner which exhibits a callous disregard for the life and/or suffering of another.
- 2. The offense was carried out in a dispassionate and/or calculated manner.
- 3. Multiple victims were attacked and injured in the same or separate incidents.
 - 4. The victim was abused during the offense.
 - 5. The kidnap and rape of the victim did not deter the prisoner from

ERRATA SHEET Fikes B-65105: 7/1/92 Page Two

later committing another kidnap and physically harming another female

The prisoner has prior criminality which includes an arrest for burglary and auto theft. The charges were dismissed.

7. The prisoner has programmed in a limited manner while incarcerated, failed to upgrade educationally and vocationally as previously recommended by the Board, and has not participated to any extent in beneficial self-help and/or therapy programs.

8. The March 30, 1992 psychological report by Dr. Reed is unfavorable.

The panel makes the following findings:

1. The prisoner needs therapy in order to face, discuss, understand, and cope with stress in a non-destructive manner. Until progress is made, the prisoner continues to be unpredictable and a threat to others.

2. Therapy in a controlled setting is needed, but motivation and

amenability are questionable.....

3. Nevertheless, the prisoner should be commended for excellent work reports and being disciplinary free since 1989.

The prisoner is denied parole for two years. The panel finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would be granted at a hearing during the following two years. The specific reasons for this finding are as follows:

- 1. The prisoner committed the offense in an especially heinous, atrocious and cruel manner. Specifically, he participated in the kidnap and rape of one female victim and, one month later, the forced oral copulation of another. As a result, a longer period of observation and/or evaluation is required before the Board should set a parole date.
- 2. A recent psychological report dated March 30, 1992, authored by Dr. Reed, indicates a need for a longer period of observation and evaluation or treatment.
 - 3. The prisoner has not completed necessary programming which is

ERRATA SHEET

Fikes B-65105: 7/1/92

Page Three

essential to his adjustment and he needs additional time to gain such programming.

The panel recommends that the prisoner:

- 1. Remain disciplinary free.
- 2. Upgrade vocationally and educationally.
- 3. Participate in self-help and therapy programming.

The panel requests that the Department of Corrections:

- 1. Transfer the prisoner to an appropriate facility for the purpose of Category "T" programming.
 - 2. Enter the prisoner in a Category "T" program to explore:
- a. His violence in the free community and evaluate his psychosexual problems, and
- b. The extent to which the prisoner has explored the commitment offense and come to terms with the underlying causes, and the need for further therapy programs while incarcerated.

Signed:

DAVID E. BROWN

Chief Counsel

PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL

I, the undersigned, do hereby declare:

That I am a citizen of the United States, I am a resident of the County of Monterey, California. I am over the age of eighteen (18) years; and not a party to the cause set forth in the attached motion.

My business address is:

Law Office of Michael Herro 134 Central Ave. Salinas, Ca. 93901

On July 10, 2006, I served the attached "AMENDED/SUPPLEMENTAL PETITION" by mail, through the United States Postal Service, delivery to,

 The Office of the Attorney General-Correctional Law Divison Attn: Deputy Attorney General Denise Yates
 455 Golden Gate Ave., Suite 11000 San Francisco, Ca. 94102-7004

I declare the above to be true and correct, under penalty of perjury, dated July 10, 2006 in Salinas, California.

Michael Herro

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SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA

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LISA M. GALDOS
CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
DEPUTY

In re		Case No.:	HC 4990	K.H	anson
	Fred L. Baker (C-22918)	ORDER			٠
	On Habeas Corpus.		•	•	

Petitioner brought the instant petition for writ of habeas corpus in which he averred that the Board of Prison Terms violated his constitutional right to due process by rescinding its September 24, 2004 parole suitability finding. As explained in the original Order to Show Cause issued by this Court, the sole reason for the Board's rescission was that a portion of the parole suitability hearing was not transcribed. Only a partial transcript could be obtained either because the tape recorder malfunctioned or because the Board only provided one of two hearing tapes for transcription. Petitioner has been incarcerated since November 6, 1980 following his conviction of kidnap for robbery with use of a firearm (Pen. Code secs. 209, 12022.5). He has served twelve years beyond his minimum eligible parole date of July 31, 1994.

The Court issued an Order to Show Cause, directing Respondent to establish why any rescheduled hearing should not be before the same Board members with instructions to issue a Decision recommending parole, and to address the apparent inequity created by Respondent's interpretation of the law. Respondent defended the Board's actions as proper, and declined to address the relevant equities of the matter. Petitioner then filed his Traverse/Response, a motion to amend the Traverse/Response, and a Request for Judicial Notice. Respondent filed an opposition and objection, and Petitioner filed a subsequent response. The Court granted Petitioner's request for judicial notice of blank BPT Forms 1000(a)-(b) [parole consideration

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worksheets utilized by the Board in considering an immate's suitability for parole] and BPT Form 1138 [Review of Proposed Decision]. As to the latter documents, the Court took judicial notice of the Board's official act in utilizing Form 1138 in its determination of Declarant's parole suitability, but not the veracity of the facts alleged therein. The Court did not consider Petitioner's jurisdictional claims (Pen. Code sec. 3041(b); 15 CCR secs. 2041, 2042, 2451). Board of Prison Terms v. Superior Court (2005) 130 Cal.App.4th 1212, 1238-39.

Upon review and consideration of the pleadings, the Court determined that the habeas petition contained pleading defects which required correction in order to ensure that Petitioner was afforded a full and fair hearing and a determination of the issues presented. The Court gave notice of the defects and granted Petitioner leave to amend or supplement the petition. Specifically, Petitioner was invited to (1) address whether the Board lost jurisdiction to preside over the December 2004 parole suitability re-hearing; (2) attach the September 2004 recommendation granting parole; (3) attach the forms and documents generated and utilized by the Board in connection with the September 2004 hearing; and (4) provide a further Declaration from inmate Fikes concerning the Board's actions in relying on hearing documents to produce a hearing transcript in lieu of conducting a *de novo* hearing.

The Court has read and considered Petitioner's amended/supplemental petition and attachments. It appears that Petitioner has alleged sufficient facts and circumstances therein to state a prima facie case for relief. People v. Duvall (1995) 9 Cal.4th 464. Accordingly, Respondent is Ordered to Show Cause why Petitioner should not be afforded the relief sought in his amended/supplemental petition. Respondent is further Ordered to ascertain from case records staff which forms it made available to the commissioners for use at Petitioner's September 2004 parole suitability hearing, and to provide the Court with accurate copies of

¹ By correspondence dated June 28, 2006, Respondent advised counsel for Petitioner that "case records staff simply makes [BPT 1000(a) and (b)] forms available to the commissioners for use at the hearing, if necessary." Respondent further claimed that Petitioner's production request was "ambiguous" as to the "forms and documents

such forms and documents. The Court notes that in the "Parole Consideration Proposed Decision (BPT sec. 2041)" worksheet completed by the September 2004 BPT panel, Petitioner was specifically advised: "If the proposed decision . . . granting parole is disapproved, you will receive a copy of the proposed decision and the reasons for disapproval." Apparently, the copy for the proposed decision and stated reasons of the grounds for disapproval are not in Petitioner's central file. Respondent is requested to provide the Court with a copy of the proposed decision and stated reasons for the disapproval of the September 2004 suitability finding.

Respondent shall show cause by Return filed in this Court within thirty (30) days after the date of filing this Order. Petitioner may file his Traverse within thirty (30) days after service and filing of the Return. Upon receipt of the Return and Traverse, the Court shall determine whether to address the matter on the pleadings or set an evidentiary hearing.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated:

NOV 2 0 2005

MARLA O ANDEDGOM

Hon. Marla O. Anderson Judge of the Superior Court

generated and utilized by the Board in connection with Petitioner's hearing." It is disingenuous to suggest that the Board is unable to identify which of its own documents it generates and utilizes in the performance of its duties in conducting parole suitability hearings.

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Page 21 of 81

(Case 4:07-cv-06289-CW	Document 20-4	Filed 07/14/2008	Page 23 of 81
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10		SUPERIOR COUR	T OF CALIFORNIA	
11		COUNTY OF	MONTEREY	
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13				
14	In re		No. HC 4990	
15	FRED L. BAKEF	ξ,	[PROPOSED	ORDER
16		Petition		
17	On Habeas Corpus.		Dept: Judge:	The Honorable Marla O.
18		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		Anderson
19	The court considere	d respondent's reques	st for an extension of	time to file a supplemental
20	return, and good cause appe	- · · -	,	X
21			ent's request for an e	extension of time to file a
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	supplemental return is GRA	•		
23	2007. If petitioner wishes t		nall file his traverse v	within thirty days after
24	service and filing of the retu	lm.		
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26	Dated:		Hon. Marla O. A	nderson
27			Judge of the Sup	
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[Proposed] Order
In the Exact Rakes (C 22018)

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respondent in this case.

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Pursuant to the court's November 20, 2006 order to show cause, respondent's 2. supplemental return is due December 20, 2006. I need additional time to file a supplemental response in this case because although I have prepared the supplemental return, I have been unable to secure a declarant for the supporting declaration. Because I am uncertain when I will be able to secure a declarant during this holiday season, I respectfully request additional time until January 8, 2007, file a supplemental return.

- 3. This request for an extension of time is not made for any purpose of harassment, undue delay, or for any improper reason. Without this requested extension of time, I would not be able to properly and thoroughly address the court's concerns.
- On December 20, 2006, I left a message for Baker's counsel, Michael Herro, that I would be requesting this extension of time. Petitioner Baker is serving a life sentence with the possibility of parole and should not be prejudiced by this request, especially since I am informed that he waived his parole consideration hearing yesterday.
- Respondent has not previously requested an extension of time to file a supplemental return in response to the court's November 20, 2006 order to show cause.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on December 20, 2006, at San Francisco, California.

Deputy Attorney General

DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY U.S. MAIL

In re FRED L. BAKER Case Name:

HC04990 No.:

I declare:

I am employed in the Office of the Attorney General, which is the office of a member of the California State Bar, at which member's direction this service is made. I am 18 years of age or older and not a party to this matter. I am familiar with the business practice at the Office of the Attorney General for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. In accordance with that practice, correspondence placed in the internal mail collection system at the Office of the Attorney General is deposited with the United States Postal Service that same day in the ordinary course of business.

On December 20, 2006, I served the attached

RESPONDENT'S REQUEST FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME TO FILE A SUPPLEMENTAL RETURN; COUNSEL SUPPORTING DECLARATION

[PROPOSED] ORDER

by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the internal mail collection system at the Office of the Attorney General at 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000, San Francisco, CA 94102-7004, addressed as follows:

Michael Herro Attorney at Law Herro Law Offices 134 Central Avenue Salinas, CA 93901 Attorney for Fred L. Baker C-22918

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on December 20, 2006, at San Francisco, California.

J. Tucay

Declarant

20071552.wpd

SUPERIOR COURT, STATE OF CALIFORNIA **COUNTY OF MONTEREY**

Date: 12-29-2006

Hon. Judge Marla Anderson Habeas Judge

Kristie Hanson Deputy Clerk People of the State if California, Case No. HC4990 VS. Minute Order: Order to Extend Time To File Supplemental Return Fred L. Baker (C-22818)

It has come to the attention of the Court that due to clerical error, the file was misplaced until 12-29-2006.

Therefore, good cause showing, the respondent shall have an additional 30 days from the date of service of this order to show cause by Supplemental Return filed in this court, thereafter, Petitioner may file his Traverse within 30 days from the service and filing of the return.

MARLA ANDERSON

Judge of the Superior Court

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING.

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California, directed to each o	of the followi	ng named	persons a	their res	spective	addre a	esses as
hereinafter set forth:	(
Michael Herro	, ,		· •		•	•	•
Law Office of Michael Herro	,				•		

Michael Herro Law Office of Michael Herro 134 Central Avenue Salinas, CA 93901

Dated: 1/5/07

LISA M. GALDOS, . Clerk of the Court

By: Deputy K. Hanson

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Petitioner's COPY

Fred L. Baker Correctional Training Facility Central-Facility C-22918, B-321L P.O. Box 689 Soledad, CA 93960-0689

JAN 0 8 2007

Petitioner in Pro Per

LISA M. GALDOS
CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
S. CARSIDE
DEPUTY

SUPERIOR COURT OF MONTEREY COUNTY
IN AND FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In re

HC 04990

FRED L. BAKER,

MOTION TO GRANT RELIEF REQUESTED IN PETITION OF WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

On Habeas Corpus.

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Petitioner, Fred Lee Baker, in Pro Per hereby respectfully request that this Court grant the relief requested in the above entitled matter. This matter was originally filed on January 27, 2005. Respondents submitted their Return on November 23, 2005 and Petitioner submitted an Amended Traverse/Response on January 6, 2006. On or about June 6, 2006, the Court issued an Order, inviting Petitioner leave to file a supplemental pleading to his original petition to address some very specific issues which in the Court's view were not expressly or implicitly raised in the original petition and pleadings filed in this matter. Specifically, Petitioner was invited to address

whether the Board lost jurisdiction to preside over the December 2004 parole suitability hearing.

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On July 10, 2006 Petitioner filed his amended/supplemental petition and attachments pursuant to the above Order. Upon review and consideration of the pleadings in a subsequent Order dated November 20, 2006, the Court issued findings that Petitioner had "alleged sufficient facts and circumstances therein to state a prima facie case for relief. Accordingly, the Court ordered Respondent to Show Cause why Petitioner should not be afforded the relief sought in his amended/supplemental petition. In doing so, the Court stated that Respondent shall show cause by Return filed in this Court within (30) days after the date of the Order. Petitioner was invited to file a traverse within (30) days thereafter.

On December 22, 2006 Petitioner received a letter from Court appointed counsel Michael Herro, dated December 20, 2006 informing him that Mr. Herro would no longer be able to represent Petitioner. Mr. Herro further noted "[a]s of today's date I do not believe the AG has filed their Return, which by the terms of the order would be due on Dec. 20, 2006." (A copy of the December 2006 letter is attached hereto as Appendix 1.)

This Court has the authority to grant the relief requested pursuant to Penal Code §§ 1474, 1480, Cal. Rules of Ct., § 4.551(d)-(f), and the memorandum of points and authorities submitted herein.

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PETITIONER'S BURDEN PURSUANT TO PENAL CODE § 1474

To satisfy the initial burden of pleading adequate grounds

for relief, an application for habeas corpus must be made by petition, and "[i]f the imprisonment is alleged to be illegal, the petition must also state in what the alleged illegality consists." (id., § 1474, subd. (2).)

In summarizing the rules governing habeas corpus relief, the California Supreme Court ruled in <u>In re Duvall</u>, (1995) 9 Cal.4th 464, 474, that "[t]he petition should both (i) state with particularity the facts on which relief is sought [citations], [and] (ii) include copies of reasonably available documentary evidence supporting the claim, including pertinent portions of trial transcripts and affidavits or declarations. [Citations]."

Moreover, when a reviewing court has determined that the petition states a prima facie case on a claim that is not procedurally barred, and issues an order to show cause directing the respondent to serve and file a written return, the "petitioner may either file a traverse or the parties may stipulate that the original habeas corpus petition be treated as a traverse. [Citations]." (Duvall, supra, 9 Cal.4th at p. 477; Cal. Rules of Ct., Rule 4.551(e).)

II

RESPONDENT'S RESPONSIBILITY PURSUANT TO PENAL CODE § 1480

To fulfill the duty conferred upon Respondent by statute, ..., case law provides "the custodian of the confined person shall file responsive pleading, called a return, justifying the confinement. [Citation]." (<u>Duvall</u>, supra, 9 Cal.4th at pp. 476-477; <u>Board of Prison Terms v. Superior Court</u>, (2005) 130 Cal.App.4th 1212, 1237.)

The principle reiterated in this Court's precedent — that where a return containing only general denials is deficient — is also firmly embedded in California law: "we have required the return to 'allege facts tending to establish the legality of petitioner's detention.'" (In re Sixto, (1989) 48 Cal.3d 1247, 1252; see also In re Romero, (1994) 8 Cal.4th 728, 738 [indicating "[t]he return ... must allege facts establishing the legality of petitioner's detention."]; In re Lawler, (1979) 23 Cal.3d 190, 194 [return must allege facts]; In re Saunders, (1970) 2 Cal.3d 1033, 1047 (same).)

In addition to the California Supreme Court's finding that Respondent's return "must either admit the factual allegations set forth in the habeas corpus petition, or allege additional facts that contradict those allegations" (Duvall, supra, 9 Cal.4th 484), California law dictates that "[a]ny material allegation of the petition not controverted by the return is deemed admitted for the purpose of the proceeding." (Cal. Rules of Ct., 4.551(d).)

III

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND ATHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF RELIEF REQUESTED

A. Procedure Governing Habeas Corpus

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In this State, "[t]he rules governing postconviction habeas corpus relief recognize the importance of the 'Great Writ,' an importance reflected in its constitutional status ... "

(In re Clark, (1993) 5 Cal.4th 750, 763-764.) The "state constitution guarantees that a person improperly deprived of

his or her liberty has the right to petition for a writ of habeas corpus." (<u>Duvall</u>, supra, 9 Cal.4th at 474.) Thus, the petition serves primarily to launch the judicial inquiry into the legality of the restraints on the petitioner's personal liberty.

In explaining the role of the court in habeas proceedings the California Supreme Court noted:

"[w]hen presented with a petition for writ of habeas corpus, a court must first determine whether the petition states a prima facie case for relief - that is, whether it states facts that, if true, entitle the petitioner to relief - and also whether the stated claims are for any reason procedurally barred. [Citation]."

(Romero, supra, 8 Cal.4th at 737.) If the court's preliminary assessment indicates that the "petition is sufficient on its face ..., the court is obligated to issue a writ of habeas corpus." (Ibid.; Penal Code § 1476.) Moreover, California Court's have developed the practice of using the order to show cause as a substitute for the writ of habeas corpus requiring the "respondent custodian to serve and file a written return."

(Romero, supra, 8 Cal.4th at 738, quoting In re Hochberg, (1970) 2 Cal.3d 870, 874.)

Because the return "is an essential part of the scheme" by which relief is granted in a habeas corpus proceeding, "the respondent must respond to the order to show cause by filing a return that addresses the prima facie claims, to which the petitioner may reply in a traverse." (Romero, supra, 8 Cal.4th 739; Board of Prison Terms v. Superior Court, supra, 130 Cal.App.4th at 1240.) "When [Respondent's] return fails to dispute the

factual allegations contained in the petition and traverse, it essentially admits those allegations." (Bland v. California

Dept. of Corrections, 20 F.3d 1469, 1471 (9th Cir. 1994) (quoting Sixto, supra, 48 Cal.3d at 1247).)

B. Applicability to Petitioner's Case

Here, as detailed in the original petition filed in propria persona on January 27, 2005, Petitioner challenged the Board's authority to rescind its September 24, 2004 finding of suitability for parole based solely on the fact that the Board lost the decision portion of the transcript from the hearing, there was no evidence to support rescission, and that his continued incarceration grossly exceeds the established guidelines. (Pet. at pp. 3(a)-3(d).)

After determining that Petitioner made a prima facie case for relief, this Court ordered Respondent to Show Cause why Petitioner should not be granted the relief sought in his petition. (Order, August 23, 2005.) However, rather than filing a return responsive to the petition, Respondent has instead chosen to defy the Court's directive and cites to Penal Code Sections 3041(b), 3041.1, and 3042(b)-(c) for the proposition that the Board's actions were proper and legally mandated. Respondent further complain that the Court improperly directed respondent to justify holding a rehearing rather than having the panel re-create its decision. (Resp. Return at pp. 6-8.)

^{1.} On November 20, 2006, Respondent was directed to address the additional claims raised in the amended/supplemental petition filed on July 10, 2006. To date, Petitioner has not been served a copy of Respondent's Return.

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In a subsequent Order this Court rejected Respondent's contention, concluding that "[n]o mandate is set forth requiring a rehearing where, as here, the recording equipment malfunctions or staff simply neglects to produce all tapes for transcription," and further noting that a "court is not constrained in its crafting of an appropriate remedy simply because an action has been inartfully pled." (Order, June 5, 2005.)

In the instant case, Respondent was afforded an opportunity to respond to the Order to Show Cause but has failed to do so, thus, with respect to the granting of habeas corpus, the California Supreme Court explained:

> "we did not say that respondent must be given an opportunity, before a court grants habeas relief, to file some sort of opposition; rather, we said the respondent must be given an opportunity to file a return, which is a document filed only after issuance of an order to show cause or a writ of habeas corpus."

(Romero, supra, 8 Cal.4th at 744.) The Supreme Court then reaffirmed its position in Adoption of Alexander S., (1988) 44 Cal.3d 857, stating that "a court may grant a habeas corpus petitioner final release from custody or other affirmative relief after issuance of an order to show cause or a writ of habeas corpus." (8 Cal.4th as 744.)

Accordingly, because Respondent's return did not dispute the material facts alleged in the petition following the issuance of the Order to Show Cause, this Court must find that Respondent is deemed to admitted the facts that form the basis of Petitioner's claims, and grant the petition for writ of habeas corpus. (Sixto, supra, 48 Cal.3d at 1252; In re

be granted, and the Respondents be ordered to release Petitioner

Rosenkrantz, (2002) 29 Cal.4th 616, 658; Cal. Rules of Ct.,
Rule 4.551(d).)

THEREFORE, the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus should

forthwith.

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Dated: January 4, 2007.

Respectfully Submitted,

Fred L. Baker

Petitioner in Pro Per

SUPERIOR COURT OF MONTEREY COUNTY
IN AND FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In re

HC 04990

FRED L. BAKER.

On Habeas Corpus.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that I am a resident of the State of California, County of Monterey. I am over the age 18 years and a party to the within action. My business/residence address is P.O. Box 689, Soledad, California, 93960-0689.

On January 4, 200%, I caused to be served the attached

MOTION TO GRANT RELIEF REQUESTED IN PETITION OF WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

DECLARATION OF FRED L. BAKER IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO GRANT RELIEF REQUESTED IN PETITION OF WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS

LETTER OF MICHAEL HERRO, DATED DECEMBER 20, 2006

by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid in the internal mail collection system at the Correctional Training Facility at P.O. Box 689, Soledad, CA 93960-0689, addresed as follows:

Michael Herro Law Office of Michael Herro 134 Central Avenue Salinas, CA 93901 Office of the Attorney General 455 Golden Gate Ave., Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102 Attn: Correctional Law Section

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Declarant

Mr. Frederick L. Baker C-22918 Correctional Training Facility-Soledad P.O. Box 689 Soledad, Ca. 93960

December 20, 2006

Mr. Baker-

I know it has been quite some time since we corresponded and I am truly sorry for not getting back to you sooner. I did talk to Ethel Martin not long ago and hope she I will not attempt to provide an excuse as to how this got you the message from me. matter has been handled either by myself or the court's, other than to tell you that I am sincerely sorry and that it was not my intention to prolong this matter, or let it "slip through the cracks". I am willing to do whatever is necessary (a declaration, etc.) should you seek remedy from a higher court.

I filed your request for ruling as requested, and then got a call from the research attorney explaining that an order had been issued, but that it was "lost" in the court building when it was shut down due to an industrial accident. I went repeatedly to the clerk's office over the next several weeks and asked if any order had been filed that they had a record of, but nothing ever showed up. On October 30, I moved from private practice into the Public Defender's Office, and Ms. Martin contacted me here at that office not long after. Following my conversation with her, I called the research attorney again, insisting that something be done on your case, as all of us involved with the courts and their administration had completely failed to properly handle your petition. She apologized profusely, told me that in fact they had just located the file and the "lost" order and that it would be sent out immediately. A short while after, I did receive the Order to Show Cause included with this letter. As of today's date I do not believe the AG has filed their Return, which by the terms of the order would be due on Dec. 20, 2006.

Due to my new position in the Public Defender's Office, I am no longer able to represent you in this matter. I have asked the Alternate Defender's Office, who originally assigned me your case to assign new counsel immediately to prepare the Traverse contemplated by the most recent order. If you feel that having a different attorney appointed will in any way not serve your best interest or prejudice your claim. I am willing to do whatever is necessary to continue representing you in this matter. Please write and let me know how you wish for me to proceed. Again, it is difficult to express how truly sorry I am about what has transpired in this matter, and hope that I can be of some service to you in the future.

Milleul S

Michael Herro

Sincerely,

Document 20-4 Case 4:07-cv-06289-CW Filed 07/14/2008 BILL LOCKYER Attorney General of the State of California MARY JO GRAVES Chief Assistant Attorney General JULIE L. GARLAND Senior Assistant Attorney General FEB 0 7 2007 ANYA M. BINSACCA Supervising Deputy Attorney General DENISE A. YATES, State Bar No. 191073 Deputy Attorney General 455 Golden Gate Avenue. Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004 LISA M. GALDOS Telephone: (415) 703-5531 Fax: (415) 703-5843 FIGOF THE SUPERIOR COURT Attorneys for Respondent Ben Curry, Acting Warden S. GARSIDE at the Correctional Training Facility SF2005200086 10 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA 11 COUNTY OF MONTEREY 12 SALINAS DIVISION 13 14 In re No. HC 4990 15 FRED L. BAKER, RESPONDENT'S RETURN TO THE AMENDED/SUPPLEMENTAL 16 Petitioner, PETITION On Habeas Corpus. .17 Judge: The Honorable Marla O. Anderson 18 19 INTRODUCTION A review of the protracted litigation in this case is warranted. Petitioner Baker, a prisoner 20 now proceeding with counsel in this habeas case, originally challenged the Board of Prison Terms' (Board, now Board of Parole Hearings) decision that his September 24, 2004 parole 22 consideration hearing must be reheard because the entire hearing could not be transcribed. (Petn. at pp. 3-3(a).) After the parties filed informal responses, the court ordered respondent to show cause why a hearing should not be held by the same Board members, adopting the partial transcript and recreating their decision recommending parole based on the transcript and their 26 27 independent recollection. (Order, filed August 23, 2005.) Respondent informed the court that a rehearing was held, Baker declined to appear at the 28 Resp't's Return to the Amended/Supplemental Pet.

hearing, and the Board denied Baker parole for one year. The court then questioned why a de 1 2 3 10 11

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novo hearing was necessary to correct the Board's failure to properly record the 2004 hearing. (Order, filed October 24, 2005.) In his return, respondent explained that because the transcript did not contain the statements by the victim, the petitioner, or his attorney, as well as the Board's decision, the hearing was not held in accordance with the law and must be redone. Further, Baker's due process rights were not violated because the parole grant was a preliminary decision subject to review by the Board and the Governor, and Baker did not have a due process liberty interest in a preliminary decision. Moreover, it would be inappropriate to sanction something as serious as paroling a life prisoner based on a decision the Board was forced to recreate from their memory. Finally, respondent argued that the court could not grant any relief based on the Board considering Baker's parole suitability de novo because Baker did not raise that issue in his petition.

Baker filed at traverse, to which respondent objected. First, respondent objected to Baker's request that the court take judicial notice of documents regarding another inmate's hearing (inmate Freddy Fikes) where the decision was recreated based on the decision work sheet that was fortuitously retained and reflected the Board's reasoning. Second, respondent objected to Baker's newly-asserted claim that the Board had lost jurisdiction to preside over Baker's "parole application" because Baker did not raise it in his petition.

The court took judicial notice of the BPT forms 1000(a) and 1000(b), and regarding the decision worksheet used in inmate Fikes's hearing, the court took judicial notice of the Board's official act in utilizing the form, but not the truth of the facts reflected on the form. Finally, the court invited Baker to file an amended or supplemental petition to address facts and theories that he did not raise in his original petition. The court invited Baker to attach to his amended or supplemental petition: (1) the Board's written statement recommending that parole be granted; (2) the forms and documents generated and used by the Board in connection with his hearing; and (3) a declaration properly authenticating and identifying the documents inmate Fikes references.

Baker filed an amended/supplemental petition in which he requested an additional ground

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be added to his original petition. In his amended/supplemental petition, Baker summarily alleges that the Board's actions exceeded the time limits set forth in California Code of Regulations, title 15, sections 2041, 2042, 2044, and 2451, and Penal Code section 3041(b). Baker then incorporates by reference section two in his traverse addressing this ground. Baker produced the documents he obtained from his central file, and the BPT 1000(b) form was not one of them.

The court has now ordered respondent to show cause why Baker should not be afforded the relief sought in his amended petition. Further, the court ordered respondent to ascertain from case records staff which forms it made available to the commissioners for use at Baker's 2004 parole consideration hearing, and to provide the court with accurate copies of such forms and documents. In addition, the court requested respondent to provide a copy of the proposed decision and stated reasons for disapproval of Baker's 2004 hearing.

The amended/supplemental petition should be denied because it does not state a prima facie case for relief because the Board did not lose jurisdiction to rehear Baker's parole consideration hearing.

SUPPLEMENTAL RETURN

Respondent Ben Curry, Acting Warden at the Correctional Training Facility, for a supplemental return to the November 20, 2006 order to show cause, states:

1. Respondent denies that incorporating by reference an argument in his traverse meets Baker's burden of specifying the facts upon which relief is sought. (In re Gallego (1998) 18 Cal.4th 825, 837-838, fn. 12 [finding that a habeas petitioner's incorporation by reference of allegations set forth in other parts of the petition and the facts set forth in the exhibits did not meet his burden of presenting specific allegations in support of his claim]); see also People v. Duvall (1995) 9 Cal.4th 464, 474 [noting that a habeas petitioner has the burden to specify the facts establishing grounds for his release]; Board of Prison Terms v. Superior Court (Ngo) (2005) 130 Cal.App.4th 1212, 1237 ["Only those claims raised in the original habeas petition or in a supplemental habeas petition may be considered by the court."]; cf. In re Rosenkrantz (2002) 29 Cal.4th 616, 675 [noting that exhibits to habeas pleadings that are incorporated by reference are not evidence, but merely supplement the allegations, and are subject to admissibility at an

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evidentiary hearing based on the rules of evidence]; but cf. In re Gay (1998) 19 Cal.4th 771, 781, fn. 7 [addressing the allegations in the petitioner's traverse that he had incorporated by reference from his petition and informal reply].) Alternatively, respondent denies that Baker states a prima facie case for relief in his amended/supplemental petition. (People v. Duvall, supra, 9 Cal.4th at p. 474.)

- Respondent denies that the Board "lost jurisdiction" to preside over Baker's rehearing under the alleged time limits of sections 2041, 2042, 2044, and 2451 of title 15 of the California Code of Regulations, and Penal Code section 3041, subsection (b). The Board's September 24, 2004 decision did not become final for 120 days, namely, until January 22, 2005. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 2041, subd. (h); Pen. Code, § 3041, subd. (b).) The sixty-day limit of section 2044 of the regulations does not apply to this case because a hearing panel member did not request that the en banc Board consider this case. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, § 2044, subd. (a).) Rather, the decision to hold a rehearing was the result of the normal decision review process. (Return, Exs. 3-4.) Further, section 2042 of the regulations does not provide a time limit during which the Board must act. Section 2451 of the regulations also does not provide a time limit and is not relevant because it addresses rescission hearings, which Baker's was not.
- Respondent denies that section 2041, subdivision (d) of the regulations applies to any issue raised in Baker's petition. Further, respondent denies that any regulatory language used by respondent in his return was not applicable at the time of Baker's hearing. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, §§ 2041-2042, History.) Moreover, respondent denies that the bases for disapproving a decision are limited to those delineated in section 2042 of the regulations.
- Respondent denies that Baker requested any relief in his amended/supplemental petition. Alternatively, respondent denies that Baker is entitled to be released from prison. If the court decides to grant Baker habeas relief, the remedy is limited to a new parole consideration hearing before the Board that comports with due process. (See In re Rosenkrantz, supra, 29 Cal.4th at p. 658 [noting that the proper remedy for a Board decision lacking some evidence is a new hearing comporting with due process]; In re Carr (1995) 38 Cal.App.4th 209, 218 [finding that the appropriate relief for a due process violation is to provide the process due].)

- 6. Respondent denies that the court ordered respondent to show cause based on Baker's claim of cruel and unusual punishment. Alternatively, respondent denies that Baker has stated specific facts to meet his burden of stating a prima facie case for relief on this claim. (People v. Duvall, supra, 9 Cal.4th at p. 474.) Finally, respondent denies that Baker has been incarcerated in gross excess of the established guidelines for his offense and that his continued incarceration constitutes excessive confinement in violation of the California Constitution. The the sentencing matrix is not relevant, and the Board need not consider it, until the prisoner is found suitable for parole. (In re Dannenberg, supra, 34 Cal.4th at p. 1098.)
- 7. Respondent denies that inmate Fikes's declaration properly authenticates the documents attached to it as exhibits. Fikes's declaration merely identifies the documents, and does not explain where the documents came from, that they are true and accurate copies, and how he knows they are true and accurate copies. (See Evid. Code, § 1400.)
- 8. Respondent alleges that it would be impossible to recreate the September 24, 2004 Board decision granting parole based on existing documents. (See Levorse Decl; Maciel Decl.)
- 9. Baker was scheduled for a subsequent parole consideration hearing on December 19, 2006, but it was postponed at Baker's request because of his pending habeas petition.
- 10. Except as expressly admitted, respondent denies each and every allegation of the amended/supplemental petition.

This supplemental return is based on the allegations and authorities above, respondent's informal response, respondent's original return filed on November 28, 2005, respondent's October 5, 2005 letter to the court, respondent's opposition to petitioner's request for judicial

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Ca	ase 4:07-cv-06289-CW Document 20-4	Filed 07/14/2008 Page 47 of 81
-1	notice, and respondent's objection to the t	raverse, all of which are incorporated by reference.
. 2		tfully requests that the petition for writ of habeas
. 3	11	
. 4	Dated: January 31, 2007	Respectfully submitted,
5		BILL LOCKYER Attorney General of the State of California
6 7		JAMES M. HUMES Chief Assistant Attorney General
8		FRANCES T. GRUNDER Senior Assistant Attorney General
9		ANYA M. BINSACCA Supervising Deputy Attorney General
10		
-11		(I fillul Alfall
12		DENISE A. YATES Deputy Attorney General
13		Attorneys for Respondent Ben Curry, Acting
14		Warden at the Correctional Training Facility
15		
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24	V.	
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DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY U.S. MAIL

Case Name: In re FRED L. BAKER

No.: HC04990

I declare:

I am employed in the Office of the Attorney General, which is the office of a member of the California State Bar, at which member's direction this service is made. I am 18 years of age or older and not a party to this matter. I am familiar with the business practice at the Office of the Attorney General for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. In accordance with that practice, correspondence placed in the internal mail collection system at the Office of the Attorney General is deposited with the United States Postal Service that same day in the ordinary course of business.

On February 1, 2007, I served the attached

RESPONDENT'S RETURN TO THE AMENDED/SUPPLEMENTAL PETITION

DECLARATION OF SANDRA MACIEL IN SUPPORT OF RESPONDENT'S SUPPLEMENTAL RETURN

DECLARATION OF DEBRA LEVORSE IN SUPPORT OF RESPONDENT'S SUPPLEMENTAL RETURN

by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the internal mail collection system at the Office of the Attorney General at 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000, San Francisco, CA 94102-7004, addressed as follows:

Michael Herro
Attorney at Law
Herro Law Offices
134 Central Avenue
Salinas, CA 93901
attorney for Fred L. Baker
C-22918

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on February 1, 2007, at San Francisco, California.

J. Tucay J. Tucay
Declarant Signature

records department the lifer packet, the tape(s) of the hearing, and the forms filled out by the Board panel at the hearing. The DPU/SCH retains the lifer packet, the tape(s), and the completed forms for one year after the hearing was conducted. In the thirteenth month, the DPU/SCH purges the tapes and documents. That is, after an official transcript is prepared, the corresponding hearing tape(s) are destroyed. In addition, the documents in the lifer packet duplicative of those in the prisoner's central file are shredded, and some of the forms completed by the Board panel at the hearing, including the hearing transcript, are saved electronically. DPU/SCH staff are instructed to save the forms listed in exhibit one to this declaration if the DPU/SCH received them.

- 3. If a BPT 1000(b) Grant Worksheet was completed during a parole hearing, it is normally destroyed and thus, is not forwarded to the DPU/SCH. If a BPT 1000(b) Grant Worksheet was forwarded to the DPU/SCH, the DPU/SCH staff are instructed to electronically scan the form. A BPT 1000(b) Grant Worksheet for Baker's 2004 parole consideration hearing was not located and therefore, was presumably destroyed in the normal course of business or was never completed.
- 4. The Board does not prepare a separate decision suggested by the language at the bottom of the BPT 1005 form: "If the proposed decision denying or granting parole is disapproved, you will receive a copy of the proposed decision and the reasons for disapproval." Rather, at the hearing, the prisoner is informed of the reasons for the decision, which are then reflected in the decision portion of the hearing transcript, and he is provided a copy of the BPT 1005 form. And after it is transcribed, a copy of the hearing transcript is forwarded to the prisoner.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on January 31, 2007, at Sacramento, California.

Sandra Maciel

Staff Services Manager I

Decision Processing and Scheduling Unit

contained herein because they are within my personal knowledge.

- 2. I understand that the court has ordered case records staff to ascertain which forms were made available to the Board commissioners for use at prisoner Fred Baker's (C-22918) September 24, 2004 parole consideration hearing and to provide accurate copies of these forms and documents.
- 3. Before a parole consideration hearing, CTF staff forwards certain blank Board forms to the Board for use at the parole consideration hearing, as well as a packet of documents (lifer packet), which is also sent to the prisoner's attorney and the district attorney before the hearing. CTF staff forwards to the Board the following Board forms:

BPT 1000 Life Prisoner Parole Consideration Worksheet

BPT 1001 Life Prisoner Hearing Decision Face Sheet

BPT 1001A Life Prisoner Hearing - Extraordinary Action and Decision

BPT 1008 Life Prisoner Parole Consideration Hearing Checklist

The lifer packet consists of the documents in the prisoner's central file that correspond with the documents listed in the BPT 1008 form.

- 4. I do not know if CTF staff forwarded every single document listed above to the Board before Baker's 2004 parole consideration hearing, but CTF staff should have forwarded them in the normal course of business. Included with this declaration as exhibits 1-4, respectively, is a copy of the blank BPT forms listed above, namely, BPT 1000, BPT 1001, BPT 1000A, and BPT 1008.
- 5. In addition to the Board forms sent by CTF staff to the Board, miscellaneous forms are available to the Board in the hearing room at CTF. Examples of the forms currently available in the CTF hearing room are included in exhibit 5 to this declaration; these forms may or may not apply to parole consideration hearings. I do not know what forms were available in

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the CTF hearing room at Baker's September 24, 2004 parole consideration hearing. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this

declaration was executed on January 10, 2007, at Soledad, California.

Debra Levorse

Classification and Parole Representative

Records Department, Correctional Training Facility

	Case 4:07-cv-06289-CW Document 20-4 Filed 07/14/2008 Page 55 of 81
ε.	MICHAEL A. HERRO, Attorney at Law (233749) 111 West Alisal Street
į.	3 Salinas, California 93901 Telephone: (831) 755-5058
	MAR 1 4 2007 Attorney for Petitioner Fred L. Baker LISA M. GALDOS
	CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT SUPERIOR COURT OF MONTEREY COUNTY DEPUTY
<i>:</i>	S. GARSIDE
	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
	8 SALINAS DIVISION
	9
1	IN RE) CASE NO.: HC 4990
	FRED L. BAKER (PROPOSED) ORDER
1	Petitioner) GRANTING EXTENSION OF
1	On Habeas Corpus) TIME
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1	The Court, having considered Petitioner's request for an extension of time to file a Traverse in
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19	uns matter, and good cause appearing,
	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Petitioner's request for an extension of time to file a Traverse is
20	GRANTED, and Petitioner shall have until March 30, 2007 to file the Traverse.
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	domitted: (2017
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2.5	JONATHANR PRICE
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ONTEREY COUNTY
UBLIC DEFENDER

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	Case 4:07-cv-06289-CW Document 20-4 Filed 07/14/2008 Page 58 of 81
	FILED
1	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA APR 2 4 2007
2	COUNTY OF MONTEREY LISA M. GAROOS CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR OF
. 3	DEP
:4) Case No.: HC 4990
5) ORDER)
6	On Habeas Corpus.
7	
8	Given the complexity of the issues raised and the need for a thorough examination of the
9	file, the high number of habeas corpus petitions filed in the recent past, and staffing issues, the
10	court requires additional time to review this matter before rendering a decision.
11	Good cause appearing, pursuant to California Rules of Court, Rule 4.551(h), the court, on
12	its own motion, extends the time in which it is to issue an order to and including June 1, 2007.
13	IT IS SO ORDERED.
14	Dated: 4-24-07
15	1 Am
16	Hon. Jonathan R. Price
17	Judge of the Superior Court
18	V .
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CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

C.C.P. SEC. 1013a

I do hereby certify that I am not a party to the within stated cause and that on April 24, 2007 I deposited true and correct copies of the following document: ORDER in sealed envelopes with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the mail at Salinas, California, directed to each of the following named persons at their respective addresses as hereinafter set forth:

Michael Herro, Attorney at Law 111 W Alisal St Salinas, CA 93901

Denise A Yates, Deputy Attorney General California Attorney General's Office 455 Golden Gate Ave, Ste 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102

Dated:		LISA M. GALDOS,	
		Clerk of the Court	
	•	Ву:	
	`! ·.	Deputy	

Document 20-4

Filed 07/14/2008

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Case 4:07-cv-06289-CW

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judicial notice an

On October 4, 2005, a panel consisting of the same members who granted Petitioner parole on September 24, 2004 conducted the rehearing. Petitioner waived his appearance at the rehearing, but his counsel was present. Petitioner was denied parole for one year.

On October 7, 2005, Respondent filed a letter with the court, advising the court that Petitioner's subsequent parole suitability hearing was held on October 4, 2005 and that the panel denied Petitioner parole for one year.

On October 24, 2005, the court denied Respondent's request that the court modify its Order to Show Cause. The court ordered Respondent to file a return on or before November 25, 2005. The court further ordered that Petitioner may file a denial on or before December 16, 2005.

On November 28, 2005, Respondent filed a return. On December 23, 2005, Petitioner filed a denial.

Subsequently, Petitioner filed a motion to amend the denial and a request for judicial notice and Respondent filed an opposition and objection.

On March 8, 2006, Petitioner filed a response to Respondent's opposition to request for judicial notice and a response to Respondent's objection.

On June 5, 2006, the court found that the petition contained pleading defects which must be corrected. The court granted Petitioner leave to amend or supplement his petition by addressing facts and theories relevant to the Board's decision which were not expressly or implicitly raised in the petition.

On July 10, 2006, Petitioner filed an amended/supplemental petition.

On August 5, 2006, Respondent filed a request for clarification and, if appropriate, the issuance of an order to show cause.

On November 20, 2006, the court issued an order to show cause.

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Petitioner's subsequent parole consideration hearing was scheduled for December 19, 2006, but it was postponed at Petitioner's request because of the instant petition.

Respondent was granted an extension of time to file a supplemental return by January 8, 2007. Subsequently, the court, on its own motion, granted Respondent an extension of time to file a supplemental return within 30 days from January 5, 2007.

On February 1, 2007, the court denied Petitioner's "Motion to Grant Relief Requested in Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus."

On February 7, 2007, Respondent filed a return to the amended/supplemental petition.

Thereafter, Petitioner was granted an extension of time to file a supplemental denial on or before March 30, 2007. On March 29, 2007, Petitioner filed a supplemental denial.

The court has reviewed all documents filed in this case.

The court finds that the Board did not lose jurisdiction to preside over Petitioner's rehearing under the time limits of sections 2041, 2042, 2044 and 2451 of title 15 of the California Code of Regulations and Penal Code section 3041(b). The Decision Review Unit found that the September 24, 2004 hearing was not in accordance with the law because a significant portion of the transcript was unable to be transcribed. In order to comply with the law, the Decision Review Unit recommended that the September 24, 2004 decision be disapproved and a rehearing be scheduled. (See Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, §2042 [including that an error of law is a basis for disapproving a decision].) On November 30, 2004, Daniel Moeller signed the recommendation on behalf of the Decision Review Unit, and the then-chief counsel of the Board, Terry Farmer, endorsed the Decision Review Unit's recommendation on the same day. On December 14, 2004, the en banc Board considered the findings of the Decision Review Unit and ordered that the panel decision be disapproved and a rehearing be scheduled. Thus, the panel's September 24, 2004 decision did not become final on January 22, 2005. (Pen. Code, §3041(b).) The sixty-day limit of section 2044 of the regulations does not apply to this case

because a hearing panel member did not request that the en banc Board consider this case. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, §2044(a).) The decision to hold a rehearing was the result of the normal decision review process. (Return, Exhibits 3-4.) Section 2042 of the regulations does not provide a time limit during which the Board must act. Section 2451 of the regulations also does not provide a time limit and is not relevant because it addresses rescission hearings.

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The court notes that Petitioner is not responsible for his September 24, 2004 parole suitability hearing being transcribed in part only.

Nevertheless, the court finds that Petitioner's 2004 parole suitability hearing record is insufficient. The hearing transcript is incomplete and written documents relating to the hearing are insufficient. It would be inappropriate to order the panel to recreate their decision recommending parole based on the incomplete transcript, insufficient written documents and their independent recollection. The transcript of the 2004 hearing did not contain the statements by the victim and the panel's findings and reasoning for granting Petitioner parole. In addition, Petitioner and/or his attorney, as well as the deputy district attorney, likely gave a closing statement that was not included in the transcript. The Board could not effectively fulfill the statutory requirement that the hearing transcripts be made available to the public and be subject to different levels of review with such an incomplete transcript. Aside from the incomplete transcript, the only existing written documents relating to Petitioner's 2004 parole suitability hearing are BPT1001 (Life Prisoner Hearing Decision Face Sheet), The Board's Miscellaneous Decision dated December 20, 2004, BPT 1000 (Life Prisoner Consideration Worksheet) and BPT1005 (Life Prisoner: Parole Consideration Proposed Decision). Respondent has shown that it would be impossible to recreate the September 24, 2004 panel decision granting parole based on the incomplete transcript and other existing documents (See Declarations of Debra Levorse and Sandra Maciel). Regardless of whatever consultation the Board may have had with the commissioners, having the panel members recreate the decision granting parole based on the

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incomplete transcript, other existing documents and their independent recollection would not cure the fact that the entire transcript was not recorded as required by law.

The court notes that in another inmate (Inmate Freddy Fikes)'s case the panel's decision was recreated based on the decision work sheet that was fortuitously retained and reflected the panel's reasoning. However, the instant case is distinguishable from Freddy Fikes' case. Fikes' parole suitability hearing was held in 1992, the documents relating to Fikes' parole suitability hearing do not reveal what part of Fikes' hearing was unable to be transcribed, and the errata sheet was an available alternative because the decision worksheet containing the decision and reasoning for the decision was retained. In Petitioner's case, his parole suitability hearing took place in 2004, no decision worksheet containing the decision and reasoning for the decision was retained, and the significant portion of the hearing was unable to be transcribed.

Petitioner's due process rights were not violated when the Board ordered that his parole suitability hearing be reheard. The law requires that the entire hearing be recorded and transcribed. The victim, the district attorney, and the defendant must have an opportunity to voice their opinions. See Pen. Code, §§3043(b), 3042(a), 3041.5(a)(2). The transcript must be available to the public (Pen. Code, §3042(b)), and it must include the findings and reasons supporting the decision (Pen. Code, §3042(c)). The Board (Pen. Code, §3041(b)) and the Governor (Pen. Code, 3041.1) must be able to competently review the panel's decision. The hearing transcript omitted any further questions by the deputy district attorney, the panel, or Petitioner's counsel. As also discussed above, the transcript did not contain the statements by the victim and the panel's findings and reasoning for granting Petitioner parole. During its mandatory review, Daniel Moeller of the Decision Review Unit recommended that because the transcript was incomplete, the Board should disapprove the September 24, 2004 decision granting parole and schedule a rehearing. Terry Farmer, the then-chief counsel of the Board, endorsed the Decision Review Unit's recommendation. A new hearing is appropriate if there

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was an error of law or fact, or based on new information. Cal. Code Regs., tit. 15, §2042. If the chief counsel recommends that a new hearing should be held, a new hearing will not be ordered unless a majority of the Board sitting en banc votes to do so. Pen. Code, §3041(b). The Board sitting en banc considered the *findings and recommendation* of the Decision Review Unit, and voted to disapprove the September 24, 2004 proposed decision and schedule a rehearing.

Moreover, the panel's parole grant was a preliminary decision subject to review by the Board and the Governor, and Petitioner did not have a due process liberty interest in a preliminary decision. The panel notified Petitioner on multiple documents that its decision was a proposed decision, it was not final, and it would be reviewed.

The tentative decision granting parole was reviewed and a rehearing was held. Upon further review, the same panel concluded that public safety concerns required finding Petitioner unsuitable for parole.

In light of the foregoing, the petition is denied.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: 6 - 1 - 0.7

Hon. Jonathan R. Price Judge of the Superior Court

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

C.C.P. SEC. 1013a

I do hereby certify that I am not a party to the within stated cause and that on

JUN 0 1 2007 I deposited true and correct copies of the following document:

ORDER in sealed envelopes with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the mail at Salinas,

California, directed to each of the following named persons at their respective addresses

as hereinafter set forth:

Michael Herro, Attorney at Law 111 West Alisal St Salinas, CA 93901

Denise A. Yates, DAG Office of the Attorney General 455 Golden Gate Ave, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004

Dated: JUN 0 1 2007

LISA M. GALDOS, Clerk of the Court

S. GARSIDE

SUBSEQUENT PAROLE CONSIDERATION HEARING

COURT-ORDERED REHEARING

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

BOARD OF PAROLE HEARINGS

In the matter of the Life) Term Parole Consideration) Hearing of:

FRED BAKER

CDC Number C-22918

OPY

CORRECTIONAL TRAINING FACILITY INMATE

SOLEDAD, CALIFORNIA

OCTOBER 4, 2005

PANEL PRESENT:

Ms. Susan Fisher, Presiding Commissioner Mr. Rolando Mejia, Deputy Commissioner

OTHERS PRESENT:

Ms. Linda Dunn, Deputy District Attorney

Mr. Val Dixon, victim

Ms. (indiscernible) Dixon, victim family member Ms. Sara (phonetic) Balli, victim support member Ms. Marion Tardiff, attorney for Inmate

CORRECTIONS TO THE DECISION HAVE BEEN MADE

See Review of Hearing No Transcript Memorandum Ÿes

Patricia Chapin, Peters Shorthand Reporting

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PROCEEDINGS PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: This is a court-ordered hearing for Fred Baker, CDC No. C-22918. This is 10/04/05, and we're located at the 5 Correctional Training Facility at Soledad. The inmate was received on 11/6/80 from Riverside County. 7 life term began on 7/31/87, and the minimum eligible parole date is 7/31/94. The controlling offense for 8 9 which the inmate has been committed is kidnap for 10 robbery, Case No. CR-17643, Count Six, and that's Penal Code Section 209. There was an additional 11 finding in that count of the use of a firearm. 12 13 Penal Code Section 12022.5. Also there was Count One, .14 Penal Code Section 211 robbery. Also with the use of 15 a firearm. And Count Eight, that is Penal Code 16 Section 217 (indiscernible) with intent to commit 17 murder also with a finding of great bodily injury, and that's Penal Code Section 12022.7. The inmate 18 19 received a term of seven years to life. Once again, 20 the minimum eligible parole date is 7/31/94. stated earlier, this is a court-ordered hearing. 22 ATTORNEY TARDIFF: Rehearing. 23 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: Rehearing. 24 Thank you. The court order is dated August 23, 2005, 25 signed by the Honorable Lila O. Anderson. I'm just 26 going to read the last paragraph because that's the

instruction to the panel. And it states, "Accordingly

7	respondent	was	ordered	to show	cause	why	petitioner
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- 2 should not be" -- oh wait a minute. I'm sorry. I
- 3 have to start a little higher here. It's actually on
- 4 line two of the prior paragraph. "In the present
- 5 case, it would appear the most equitable solution
- 6 would be to reschedule the hearing before the same
- 7 group (indiscernible) with instructions to adopt the
- 8 existing transcript from the former hearing and
- 9 recreate their decision to recommend parole based on
- 10 that transcript and their independent recollection.
- 11 The court (indiscernible) was ordered to show cause
- 12 why petitioner should not be granted relief on his
- 13 petition. Specifically, the respondent is ordered to
- 14 show cause (indiscernible) the rescheduled hearing
- 15 should not be heard by the same board members with
- 16 instructions to issue a decision on it recommending
- 17 parole. The alternate public defender's office is
- 18 appointed to represent petitioner." All right. I'm
- 19 not going to go on with the rest of it: This is your
- 20 copy, Ms. Tardiff. All right. Now, regarding
- 21 Mr. Baker's appearance -- he's waiving his appearance
- 22 today; is that correct?
- 23 ATTORNEY TARDIFF: Yes, that is.
- 24 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: Okay. And he
- 25 hasn't -- did he sign a waiver or did he just verbally
- 26 --
- 27 ATTORNEY TARDIFF: He verbally. I can get a

1 signed one later.

- 2 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: All right. He
- 3 indicated to his attorney that he did not wish to
- 4 appear. I'm going to go ahead and have everyone state
- 5 their name for the record, starting with myself. I'm
- 6 going to go to the right. Susan Fisher, F-I-S-H-E-R,
- 7 · Commissioner.
- 8 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEJIA: Rolando Mejia,
- 9 M-E-J-I-A, Deputy Commissioner.
- 10 DEPUTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY DUNN: Linda Dunn
- 11 (phonetic), Riverside County District Attorney's
- 12 Office.
- 13 MR. DIXON: Val Dixon (phonetic), victim.
- 14 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEJIA: Spell your last
- 15 name, please.
- 16 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: Spell your last
- 17 name for us.
- 18 MR. DIXON: Oh, Dixon, D-I-X-O-N.
- 19 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: Thank you. And
- 20 ladies, go ahead. You're on the tape. Spell your
- 21 last name, please.
- 22 INDISCERNIBLE ATTENDANT: D-I-X-O-N.
- 23 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: Thank you.
- 24 It's for the transcriber. Go ahead.
- MS. BALLI: Sara Balli (phonetic), B-A-L-L-I,
- 26 victim (indiscernible)
- 27 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: Thank you.

1	ATTORNEY TARDIFF: Marion Tardiff, T-A-R-D-I-
2	double F, attorney for inmate Fred Baker, B-A-K-E-R,
3	CDC C Charlie 22918 who's waiving his appearance since
4	this is a rehearing.
5	PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: Okay. Now,
6	regarding the Americans With Disabilities Act. Are
7	you aware of any issues that we need to accommodate?
8	ATTORNEY TARDIFF: I am not.
9	PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: Okay. I do
.0	want to note for the record that on 4/7/05, Mr. Baker
.1	signed the BPT 1073 form and stated that he has no
.2	disabilities. All right. Counselor, I think that
.3	what I will do, if you have no objections, is to
4	incorporate by reference the summary of the crime from
.5	the prior transcript.
.6	ATTORNEY TARDIFF: But I have objections I want
.7	to raise before we
.8	PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: Oh, I'm sorry.
.9	And I neglected to ask for those. I'm leaping ahead
20	here. Go ahead. First of all, is there anything that
21	needs to be submitted?
22	ATTORNEY TARDIFF: No.
23	PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: All right. Go
24	ahead with your objections.
2,5	ATTORNEY TARDIFF: I'm objecting to this
26	hearing taking place since there is a current rated
27	process which basically alleges that the Board no

- longer has jurisdiction over this matter to based on
- 3041(b) which states that, quote, "a decision of the 2
- Parole Board finding an inmate suitable for parole
- shall become final within 120 days of the date of the
- hearing." And that would have been September 24, '04.
- "During that period, the Board may review the panel's -6
- The panel's decision shall become final 7 decision.
- unless the Board finds that the panel made an error of 8
- When the panel's decision was based on an error 9
- of fact or that new information should be presented to 10
- the Board, any of which would correct or, considered 11
- by the Board, has a substantial likelihood of 12
- resulting in a substantially different decision upon a 13
- rehearing. In making this decision, the Board shall 14
- 15 consult with the commissioners who conducted the
- 16 parole consideration hearing." Therefore since the
- 17 120 days has obviously gone -- since come and gone,
- since it's over a year, the Board has lost 18
- jurisdiction of this matter. Also I do not believe 19
- that the Board consulted with the commissioners who .20
- conducted this parole hearing on September 24, '04 as 21
- according to this statute. Also, that this decision, 22
- 23 while it is a rehearing -- the Board is ordered to
- find Mr. Baker suitable again. Mr. Baker again is 24
- 25 alleging that regardless of that, and he appreciates
- that fact, the fact of the matter is the Board no 26
- longer has even any power over the suitability of 27

- unsuitability of Mr. Baker. And further, the order of 1
- rehearing finding for the finding of suitability 2
- simply is in Danenburg (phonetic), the court said that 3
- .4 that's a decision -- it states here, I'll read it for
- 5 you. "Respondents overturn and ordered rehearing the
- granting panel's finding of suitability simply by
- 7 failing to record the decision portion of the hearing,
- thus the high court rejected that." So basically this 8
- ġ hearing should not even take place. The only reason
- 10 it's taking place is the Board of Prison Terms stated
- 11 that they would not postpone it until the writ is gone
- 12 through the process and then finalized. But if the
- 13 rehearing, I suppose if I weren't even here, that my
- 14 client could potentially receive a 115, therefore
- 15 jeopardizing -- if in fact, he needs to have a
- 16 rehearing -- jeopardize his suitability. Simply the
- 17 Board has -- didn't do they're job in timely hearing
- 18 this matter, and he's not waiving his right to the --
- 19 right to prohibit the board for hearing this case, but
- 20 he's simply doing it because he's -- more or less it's
- 21 being forced upon him, therefore abolishing him of his
- 22 due process as well.
- 23 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: Thank you. Is
- 24 that everything?
- 25 ATTORNEY TARDIFF: That's it.
- 26 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: All right. I'm
- 27 going to overrule your objection, and we're going to

- 1 in compliance with the court order, go forward with
 - 2 the hearing. Is there anything confidential to be
- 3 . used today?
- 4 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEJIA: None will be used
- 5 today.
- 6 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: All right.
- 7 Thank you. All right. Once again, I am specifically
- 8 incorporating the summary of the crime from the prior
- 9 transcript that starts on page 10, line 13. It goes
- 10 to page 15, line 5. It's my understanding that in
- 11 reading the court order, that we are to incorporate
- 12 essentially the entire transcript of the hearing that
- 13 we have available. So --
- 14 ATTORNEY TARDIFF: And so, are you going to be
- incorporating the rest of the hearing as well?
- 16 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: Let's -- I
- 17 believe that that's -- that's the verbiage used in the
- 18 court order, and so I'm -- my assumption is that we
- 19 will have -- we will do that. I'll let the lawyers
- 20 decide what part -- what they need to do when it comes
- 21 to that. We're going to go ahead and go forward. Is
- 22 there anything regarding the summary of events that
- 23 you need to comment upon, Counsel before we --
- 24 ATTORNEY TARDIFF: No, I believe it's in the
- 25 body of the existing transcript.
- 26 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: All right. I'm
- 27 going to go on to Mr. Baker's history. I'm just going

1 to be the Board report dated September 2002 under pre-

- 2 conviction --
- 3 ATTORNEY TARDIFF: Okay. I need -- is there
- 4 any reason why you're not incorporating that as well?
- 5 It's to adopt the existing transcript from the former
- 6 hearing and recreate their decision. I think you're
- 7 just supposed to recreate your decision.
- 8 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: I think that
- 9 that's true. I just think for the sake of -- I just
- 10 want to touch on some of these things as we go along
- 11 just for the sake of refreshing everyone's memory as
- 12 we move forward. His pre-conviction factors are: In
- 13 October 2002, in the Board report under juvenile
- 14 record; it says that he was arrested for burglary at
- 15 the age of 17 and sent to juvenile camp, and escaped
- 16 from camp and was committed to the Youth Authority.
- 17 Under adult convictions, it says he has no known prior
- 18 convictions as an adult. His personal history, social
- 19 history, is as follows: He -- it says here that he
- 20 was raised by his mother and his grandparents until he
- 21 was 15. At 15, he went to live with his father. At
- 22 the time of this report, which was in May of '03, he
- 23 had two brothers, both of whom he was still in
- 24 communication with. He has been -- it's my
- 25 understanding, let me look back up here just to
- 26 clarify -- he completed the 11th grade prior to his
- 27 incarceration, and quit school in the 10th grade. I'm

- 1 sorry, in the 12th grade. Good grief, I'm going
- 2 backwards instead of forwards. He quit school in the
- 3 12th grade. He's been married twice. First marriage,
- 4 he was -- was when he was 18. And the second marriage
- 5 was in 2002. At the time of this psych evaluation I'm
- 6 looking at, which was in '03 once again, he was still
- 7 married. (Indiscernible) is something that we do want
- 8 to take a look at again. It says -- in this
- 9 particular report, it says that he does not have a
- 10 significant substance abuse history; however, was
- 11 under the influence of marijuana and PCP at the time
- 12 of this commitment offense. He stated that he used
- 13 marijuana only two times in his life, the second being
- 14 just prior to the commitment offense, and denied using
- 15 any substances after being incarcerated. All right.
- 16 And I think that that, along with the prior
- 17 transcript, probably covers his social history. Is
- 18 there anything, Counsel, that I've left out, or that
- 19 you need to address regarding that?
- 20 ATTORNEY TARDIFF: No.
- 21 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: All right.
- 22 I'll take a look at parole plans. Once again, I'm
- 23 looking at the most recent Board report. It's dated
- 24 5/25/04, and it says, under future plans, that they
- 25 remain the same as the prior report. It says that he
- 26 plans to parole to his wife, that's in Rancho
- 27 Cucamonga. It says that his wife will help him

- 1 financially. He has a second plan, which is for them
- 2 to reside in a piece of property owned by his aunt in
- 3 the Marino Valley, and a third plan, which is to --
- 4 for he and his wife to live with another aunt in
- 5 Fontana. He says his last residence he offered this
- 6 time, if necessary, is for him and his wife to reside
- 7 with his uncle in Rio Linda. Now, according to the
- 8 prior Board report --
- 9 ATTORNEY TARDIFF: Which prior report is that?
- 10 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: October of
- 11 2002. It refers us back regarding employment. It
- 12 says he's received an employment offer from Mrs. Ethel
- 13 Martin (phonetic), who's an aunt, who's arranged
- 14 employment as a bookkeeper in the county for him.
- 15 Also he plans to upgrade his computer technology,
- 16 vocational skills by attending college in the evening
- 17 once funds are available. Is there anything related
- 18 to parole plans that have changed?
- 19 ATTORNEY TARDIFF: No.
- 20 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: All right.
- 21 Then at this --
- 22 ATTORNEY TARDIFF: They're still valid.
- 23 PRESIDING COMMISSIONER FISHER: All right.
- 24 Then at this time, I'm going to turn the hearing over
- 25 to Commissioner Mejia to go through the
- 26 post-conviction factors.
- 27 DEPUTY COMMISSIONER MEJIA: (Indiscernible)

- 1 (indiscernible) His classification score is 19,
- 2 Medium-A (indiscernible) possible level. His academic
- 3 history as a GED in 1989, and (indiscernible) went to
- 4 college in 2004/2005. He has vocational information
- 5 technologies, and this is on his vocation course.
- 6 Self-help participation is up-to-date for AA
- 7 participation, June 30, 2005. And there's numerous
- 8 self-help groups such as Open to Violence Project,
- 9 Impact, Breaking Barriers (indiscernible), Lifers
- 10 (indiscernible) with Dr. Fishback (phonetic). There's
- 11 a laudatory chrono dated June 1st, 2005 for his good
- 12 work while assigned to the central clothing ward as an
- 13 assistant tailor written by the supervisor,
- 14 (indiscernible) supervisor. NA (indiscernible) and AA
- 15 and (indiscernible). January 24, 2005, Pushing Basics
- 16 class. He completed a twelve-week course with that.
- 17 Chaplain Medsey (phonetic). And then I go to his
- 18 disciplinary history. He has only two 115s, the last
- 19 being in 1989. No 128(a)s. No gang affiliation
- 20 noted. And we're going to go to the psychiatric
- 21 report, dated April 29, 2005, by Dr. Steward, S as in
- 22 Sam -T as in Tom -E as in Edward -W-A-R-D as in David,
- 23 Clinical Psychologist at CTF. Diagnostic impressions,
- 24 Axis One: No contributory clinical disorder. Axis
- 25 Two: No contributory personality disorder. Axis
- 26 Three: No contributory physical disorder. Axis Four:
- 27 Incarceration. Axis Five: GAF of 90. Total